

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____

APWH | East Asia in the Early Modern Period (Pairs with AMSCO 20)

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OUTCOMES:

By the end of this section, students will have

- 1) Examined the political, social, economic, religious, and technological developments of early modern East Asia
- 2) Explain the continuities and changes in exploration and trade of modern East Asian countries

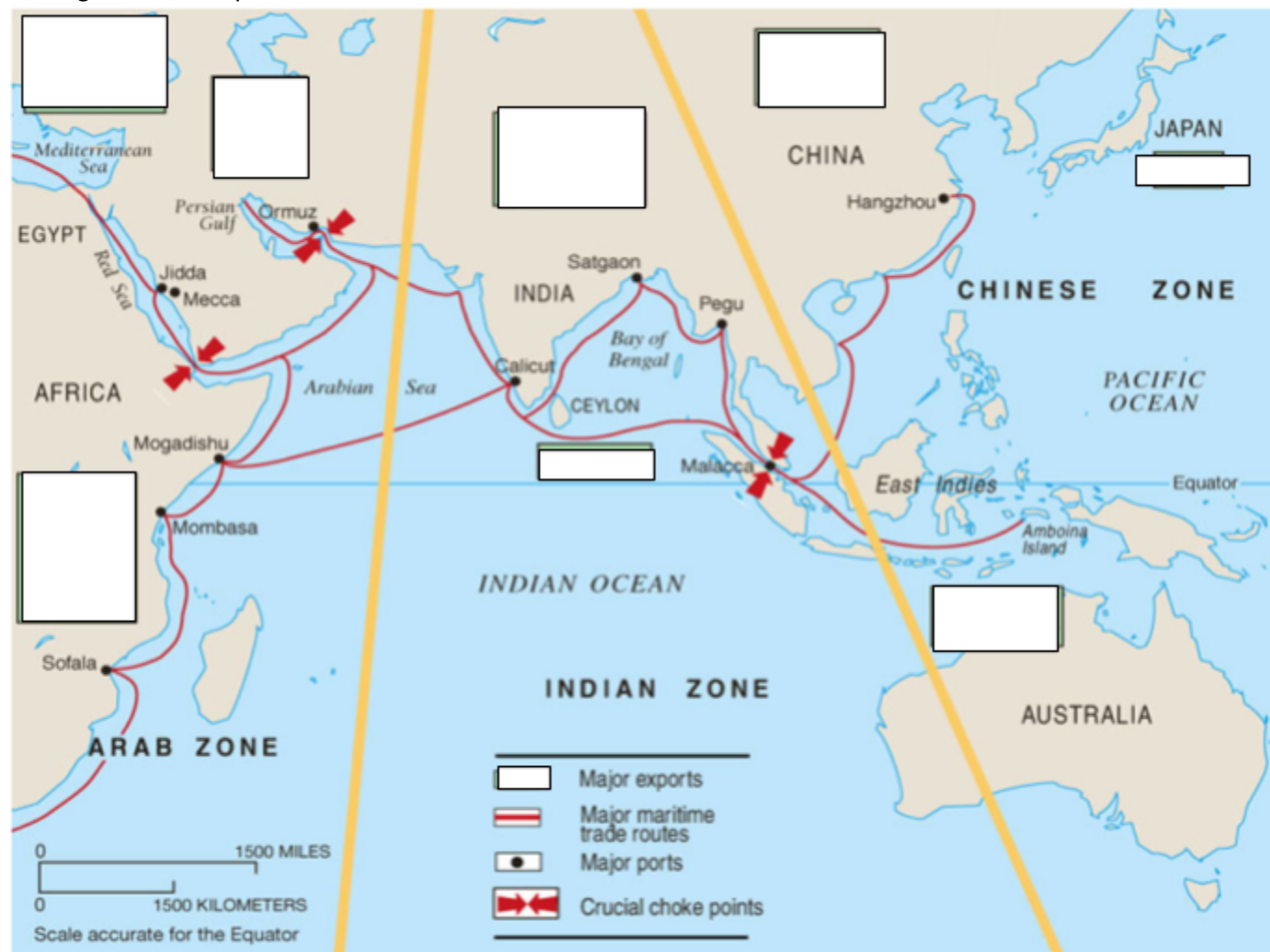
BIG IDEA:

Europe has just become the new powerhouse of the economy. By expanding its naval strengths and developing raw resources abroad, it is able to force other countries to take a step back in maritime dominance. How did the East Asia deal with this change? What remained the same and what shifted?

NOTES:

<p>1. Indian Ocean Trade</p>	<p>A. Before the European “Age of Exploration” and dominance, a sophisticated what exists in the Indian Ocean?</p> <p>The: _____</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● What are its characteristics?<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Grew and evolved during the _____ (c. 600-1450)○ Divided into 3 commercial zones of power:<ul style="list-style-type: none">■■■○ _____ by any one central power; the military is largely absent from trade <p>B. The arrival of European powers brings big changes - how?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Europeans had little to _____● So they:● This will eventually lead to:
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Trading Network Map



2. China During the Age of Exploration

A. Which Dynasty is now in power (Mongols have been overthrown)?

The _____

- Voyages of _____ bring what?

- Why are they ended?

B. International trade and commerce becomes highly _____

- Why? (More space on next page).

	<p>C. Social inequalities deepen</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confucian _____ dominates society - how? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ • Very few opportunities for _____ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ What is still common? _____ <p>D. Decline in China</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How does isolation impact China? • What happens with other societies? <p>E. Corrupt _____ leaders leave society in disrepair - how?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • •
3. Japan Resists Westernization	<p>A. 1400s - _____ disrupted leadership. What happens?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Central power _____ • _____ becomes dominant system. <p>B. European contact begins _____ century</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brought new technologies and knowledge, such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○

○

- Missionaries attempt to convert

○

○

C. Isolation

- By _____, Japanese ships forbidden to sail overseas
- Europeans:
- Japanese elite remains:

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Challenge Questions: East Asia in the Early Modern Period

Please answer the following using complete sentences (unless multiple choice/fill in the blank/matching).

1. Before Europe became the dominant maritime power, what was trade like for Asia?

2. How did Europe become a major dominant trading power (think back to World Economy).

_____ 3. Which is true of European powers?

- A. Their arrival brought a wealth of new products to the Asian sea trading network
- B. European powers used force to disrupt the trading system and built factories along coasts
- C. European powers found little products of interest in the Asian sea trading network
- D. European powers avoided colonization in the Asian sea trading network, using diplomacy to create relationships

4. Which of the following is found in the ARAB ZONE of the Asian sea trading network? (Circle up to two)

Cinnamon Carpets Horses Silver Paper

Which of the following is found in the INDIAN ZONE of the Asian sea trading network? (Circle up to two)

Cinnamon Elephants Paper Silk Ivory

Which of the following is found in the CHINESE ZONE of the Asian sea trading network? (Circle up to two)

Paper Gold Ivory Silver Carpets Horses

5. Why did China and Japan isolate themselves? How were they similar/different in their policies?

6. After reading the distributed Ming Dynasty poems, describe what each illustrates about society during this time period of China's history.