Name:	Date:	Class:
APWH Notes Muslim World 600-1200 CE/Rise and Spread of Islan	(Pairs with AMSCO 8)

OUTCOMES:

At the conclusion of this section, students will have:

- 1. Explained the origins and basic beliefs and practices of Islam
- 2. Identified the major political, social, religious, economics, and technological developments that occurred within the Muslim religion and empire.

THE BIG IDEA: Islam successfully unified a region traditionally marked by tribalism and warfare, to create the world's first (partial) global culture. By incorporating neighboring traditions along with Islam's unique worldview, rapid urbanization and socialization helped connect the majority of the world like never before. The beginning of the Post-Classical Period is defined by the rise and spread of Islam and the changes that were caused, and influenced, by the new religion.

NOTES:

1. Religious Beginnings	A. Who was Muhammad ? (570-632)	
	Early Life:	
	Early Roots:	
	● Age 40:	
	His belief:	
2. Basic Beliefs and Practices	A. Islam is (circle one): MONOTHEISTIC POLYTHEISTIC NONTHEISTIC	
	The are duties all Muslims have to perform	

	PILLAR WHAT IT MEANS
	Faith
	Prayer
	• Alms
	Fasting
	Pilgrimage
	B. Other Beliefs/Practices:
	Qur'an:
	Hadiths:
3. Muslim Empire	A. After Muhammad's death, his successors (caliphs) face many issues:
	• Issues:
	Caliphs call for:
	Used as justification for territorial expansion

4. Imperial Expansion	A. By 750 CE, Muslim Empire stretched 6000 miles from Atlantic Ocean to Indus River. How were they so successful so quickly?
5. Islam's Split	A. Most religions have denominations/divisions that represent different beliefs of practices within the religion. • 661 CE: • Who takes over?

	D. The third group, Sufi:
	Reject:
	Pursue:
	Become:
6. Continued Imperial Expansion	A. The Abbasid family seizes control in 750 CE Move the capital to Why is this important?
	Expanded trade from to Why is this important?
	B. What causes the Abbasids to crumble in the 13th century?
7. Early Muslim Culture	Early Islamic Culture was a combination of many different cultures - including Arabic, Persian, Jewish, Christian, and Hindu - that created a singular culture that was unique and sophisticated for its time.
	A. What was early social structure like in the Muslim empire?

B. What was the level of urbanization in the Muslim empire like?
C. Intellectual Contributions: